The Daily Freeman.

MORNING EDITION.

The Freeman. With his hand upon his charter, And his foot upon the sod, He will stand—or die a martyr For his Freedom and his God.

C. W. WILLARD, Editor.

J. W. WHEELOCK, Printer.

MONTPELIER, VT. FRIDAY, JUNE 7. 1861.

STATE CONVENTION.

A Mass Convention of the Freemen of Vermont will be held at Montpelier, on Wednesday, the 26th day of June, at 11 o'clock A. M., to nominate candidates for Governor, Lieut. Governor and Treasurer, to be supported at the ensuing election.

All who are in favor of supporting the " Constitution and the Union," and of sustaining the Federal Government in its efforts to suppress rebellion and put down treason, are cordially invited to attend.

H. HENRY BAXTER, J. GREGORY SMITH. Republican R. W. CLARKE, State GEO. C. SHEPARD, Committee. A. JUDSON ROWELL, June 1st, 1861.

The Sword and the Bible.

A very interesting and impressive ceremony took place at our Town Hall, last evening, in the presence of a large and sympathizing assemblage of the ladies and citizens of Montpelier. The occasion was that of the presentation of the Testaments, Havelocks, &c., by the patriotic and spirited ladies of our village, to the Capital Guards, on the eve of their departure for the seat of war. In behalf of the Ladies' Patriotic Association, sometime since duly organized for the purpose, the Rev. Mr. McAnn, the Methodist clergyman of the place, made the presentation speech to the Guards drawn up on the floor of the Hall. The speech was both appropriate and touching; and scarcely less so was the response of Capt. Randall, in expressing the thanks of himself and Company for the handsome and timely gift, and especially when he turned to his Company, and, addressing them as such, appealed to them individually to look often into the treasures contained in the gift thus generously bestowed, heed its precepts, and find in it that which should prepare them for the death which they would be so liable to meet.

At the close of his remarks Captain R. anounced, as the gift of a gentleman of this village, the receipt of the sum of \$87, or one dollar for each individual member of the Company. The soldiers passed slowly round in file before the platform on which the lady officers and their Committees were presiding, and received from their fair hands this very considerate and priceless token of their good will and anxiety for the welfare of those about to expose their lives for all we hold dear. The sword has often been the most powerful when accompanied by the Bible. May it prove so in this case. After the Testaments had been thus received, the money was passed to each of the Company, all being furnished in gold dollars, for the occasion, by the donor, whose name will be seen in the annexed correspondence, which formed a part of this interesting ceremony:

MONTPELIER, June 5, 1861. CAPTAIN F. V. RANDALL:

Dear Sir :- As your Company, the Capital Guards, are about to go into the service of the United States, in defence of its Constitution and Laws, be pleased to accept of the enclosed, and distribute equally between the officers and soldiers, as a small token of my regard to each one of them. Hoping and believing they willido honor to themselves and their Country,
I am, respectfully, your friend,
D. BALDWIN.

MONTPELIER, June 5, 1861. HON. DANIEL BALDWIN:

Sir :- Your very liberal present of eightyseven dollars to the Capital Guards was duly received and thankfully accepted. The sum, although amounting to but one dollar for each man when distributed, is very liberal for one man to donate, and to the poor fellows in my company, who had not that amount in their pockets, as I know was the case in many instances, that sum is very opportune. It will be remembered that most of my men have been in town six weeks, and many of them came with very little money, and some have had to pay that little for mending their boots, and for such necessaries as they were obliged to have; and it, to me, has a chilly look to leave our homes and friends a thousand or two miles behind, without enough cash in our pockets to pay for our dinner, or one night's lodging. We, therefore, return to you, sir, our thanks, most sincerely, for your munificent gift. Your memory will come fresh to us when we find ourselves short for a dollar. I am, very truly,

Your friend and servant, F. V. RANDALL, Captain of Capital Guards.

We are indebted to Hon. E. P. Walton for valuable Public Documents, especially for two volumes of " Explorations for a Railroad Route " from the Mississippi River to the Pacific."

EPISCOPAL CONVENTION .- The Convention yes'erday was largely attended. The Rev. F. W. Shelton's sermon, delivered in the forenoon, is spoken of as a production of unusual fervor and ability .- Burlington Times.

Baltimore.

The Mob City evidently needs more punishing. The late accounts again place her in a very questionable attitude. The hoofs and horns of Secession are every day sticking out more and more palpably to view. All the Union members of the city police have been removed, or in some way got rid of by the plotting traiters that are suffered to remain and rule there unhung. Since the withdrawal of the chief part of our forces from the city, these yet unhumbled traitors have grown astonishingly impudent, and almost daily insult the troops yet stationed in the vicinity. Nearly or quite all the Union Flags that, after their fright and submission, were raised in every part of the city, have, it is said, been covertly res moved; while Marshal Kane has been heard to boast that the authorities at Washington dare not now arrest him, as in case of such an attempt, he would raise a secession force in the city and vicinity which would drive every Union man, troops and all, from the place.

There is an old storm of wrath laid by in store for Baltimore, and let her beware how much farther she ventures in the course her conduct is now indicating, lest no consideration of our abused forbearance and mercy will be sufficient to prevent it from bursting in fury and desolation on her devoted head.

GONE WITH OUR TEARS AND BLESSINGS .- The CAPITAL GUARDS, whose orderly conduct during the whole of the five or six weeks they have been drilling in this village has commanded such universal respect, left Montpelier for their general rendezvous at Burlington, in an extra train at about 7 o'clock this morning. The depot was crowded with the relatives, personal friends, and sympathizers of the soldiers, and the parting scene among them was as touching as the heartfelt and prolonged cheers which followed them, as the train moved off, were significant and animating. This is a very unusually stalwart and powerful company of citizen soldiery, as is sufficiently shown in their average weight of one hundred and sixty pounds-an average nearly ten pounds greater than is found recorded in the annals of the general run in American Military companies in this country.

Topography of the Seat of War.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Post thus describes the topography between the Potomae River and Manassas Gap Junction, which seems destined to become the theatre of important military events :

"From the Chain Bridge, which is three miles above Georgetown, to Alexandria—a distance of about ten miles-there is a continuous chain of bills half a mile to a mile and a half back from the Potomac. Entrenchments are thrown up quite a distance north of Georgetown across the river, and so at different points below to Alexandria. The Chain Bridge, Aqueduct, and especially the Long Bridge are very strongly guarded, and every prominent hill is, or soon will be extended.

Arlington Hights are right opposite George-town, nearly two miles back from the river. Roache's Spring, which is frequently spoken of is about two miles distant, southwest of the Long Bridge, a little off from the road to Fairfax Court House. Arlington House is about five miles north or northeast of Alexandria. Fall's Church is a little northern village six miles straight west of Georgetown. Bailey's Cross Roads is five miles due west of the Long Bridge, and the road from the bridge, which leads directly past Bailey's, is the road to Fairfax Court House. The last named place is eighteen miles from Washington and fourteen from Alexandria. This was the scene of Lieutenant Tompkins' exploit last Friday morning; and he was then about thirteen miles distant from the main body of the rebel regiments are stationed.

From the Potomac to the heights, west, the ascent is somewhat abrupt; but from the heights westward it is very gradual. At least ten miles of the Loudon and Hampshire Railroad is within our lines, but the Orange and Alexandria road is none of it in our possession. Our troops tore up the track to Springfield station, nine miles distant from Alexandria. Beyond this point the road is in good condition, and it is reported that the trains occasioually even run from the Junction as far as Springfield station."

Foreign News.

New York, June 5. The steamship Austraasian, from Liverpool 25th, arrived up at 4 50. Parliamentary proceedings are unimportant, and the news is quite meagre.

Mr. Motley's elaborate article in the Times, on the American war, attracts considerable attention. He casts the whole responsibility on

The Italian Government has rejected the conditions on which France consented to evacuate Rome, and matters will consequently remain in statu quo, but France will recognize the new Kingdom before the end of June.

The peasants in Russian Poland will be finally released from compulsory labor on the 1st of

In addition to the specie already reported, the Australasian brings 700,000 francs and \$100,-000 from Havre.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET .- The sales of the week were 80,000 bales, including 19,000 to speculators and 16,000 to exporters. Middling advanced 1-8 d.; other qualities un-changed. The market closed with a large speculative inquiry.

The sales on Friday were 10,000 bales, incl a! ding 3000 to speculators and exports. The mar?

ket closed steady. The stock in port amounts to 1.112,000 bales, of which 903,000 are of American descriptions.

THE REMAINS OF MR. DOUGLAS .- In deference to the strongly expressed wishes of various influential citizens of Illinois, the remains of the

News by Mail.

New York, June 5. Advices from Fort Monroe say that Gen. Hager had ten thousand men at Nortolk, and ten thousand more at Portsmouth and along the shores of Nansemond Riv-

A reconnoisance was made Sunday in the direction of Suffolk, the result of which is that it is inexpedient to make any demonstration towards Portsmouth and Gosport at present. The report that Gen. Butler contemplated an ad-

vance on Petersburg, is unfounded. Six Dahlgren bronze, twelve pounders, have been fished up by the rebels near the Navy Yard, and eight tons of gunpowder are said to have been taken from the magazine of the Mer-

rimac, perfectly dry.
The Merrimac, Dolphin and Germantown, are said to be fit for going to sea in two weeks.

Washington, June 5. The belief extensively prevails that a new levy is to be called for through the War Department, and various offers have therefore been made of regiments to add to those already accepted, but it is certainly ascertained that no such levy is now contem-

Baltimore, June 5. The barque General Green for Baltimore, and owned by a merchant of Charleston, with a cargo of sugar and molasses,

has been captured by the Quaker City.

The U. S. Marshal took possession of the gun factory of Messrs. Merril & Thomas in this city and seized all the breech-loading muskets. Intimation has been given that ample employment will soon be given to the establishment in manufacturing arms for the government

A committee of citizens have returned from Washington, and have received assurance from the Government that Baltimore shall have her share in building gun-boats and furnishing army supplies.

Also that the Government will soon have opened and keep free and unobstructed for trade and travel the entire line of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, now effectually obstructed by the rebels at Harper's Ferry.

St. Louis, June 4. The Republican learns that application was made yesterday to Judge Treat of the United States District Court, at Springfield, Illinois, for a writ of habeas cor- dria. pus, commanding Col. McArthur of the Illinois regiment, stationed at Caseville, to produce the body of Captain McDonald, before the said Judge at Springfield. The Colonel declined to obey the writ, alleging that he had no instruc-tion from General McClelland to deliver up a severely. prisoner. Captain McDonald accompanies the regiment to Cairo.

the same as those of Gen. Lyon and Col. Blair. An attachment against Gen. Lyon was then applied for by the petitioner's counsel, which Judge Treat declined to issue, on the ground of the insufficiency of the proof showing that such a step ought to be taken. Here the case rests for the present.

Leavenworth, June 5. On Monday night twelve volunteers from Camp Lincoln, headed by Sergeant Decarin, of the Elwood Guards, armed with Minnie rifles and revolvers, marched to Iatan, Mo., fourteen miles above this city, crossing the river in skiffs, their object being to capture a secession flag. On being asked their business, Decarin demanded the flag by the authority of the United States. The flag was hauled down, and the party started on their return, when they were fired at by the secessionists, and the fire was returned. Three of the volunteers were wounded-one severely. The affair has caused much talk in the city.

Boston, June 5. The conduct of the Amerifollowing resolution :

Resolved, That we feel mortified of the fact that we have an officer of the Government in our midst who not only approves of the corruption and treason at home, but misrepresents and vilifies not only the Republican party but the day, and hung as a spy. whole people of the North.

Concord, N. H., June 5. The New Hampshire Legislature met to day. Herman Foster, of Manchester, was chosen President of the Senate, and Edward A. Rollins, of Summersworth, Speaker of the House. Both are Re-

The Governor's message will probably be delivered to-morrow.

Washington, June 5. The Star of this afternoon says: We have information from two from Manassas Junction, and the other in the immediate vicinity of Leesburg.

The former assures us that on Monday last

Gen. Beauregard arrived, certainly, at the Junction. If so, we take it for granted that he has assumed command of the disunion troops in that

This gentleman farther says, that there is an aggregate force of 20,000 troops at Manassas Junction, Centerville, Fairfax station and Fairfax Court House.

Our informant from Leesburg, assures us that on Sunday morning last, during divine service, an officer rode up to the Quaker Meeting House, at Waterford, London County, seven miles from Leesburg, and ordered the people there assembled to be at Harpers' Ferry on the next Monday morning, with all their wagons and teams to move the material of the troops, then there. On that day, we believe 2,000 of those troops moved up the Potomoc to a point opposite Williamsport. The troops at Harpers' Ferry we know to be almost entirely deficient in army transportation, having arrived there Leesburg is twenty-two miles from Harpers'

in Virginia and Maryland, are in possession of Gen. Patterson, and copies are being rapidly made for distribution among the field officers.

A thorough scout, which was sent to the Maryland Heights, overlooking Harper's Ferry, returned to day and report that there are fewer troops upon the Heights than one week ago, and says positively there are only 2 guns in a batte ry. The scout reports that it can be stormed with little expense to life, and the guns turned upon Harper's Ferry, and also explored three routes by which troops can approach within 300 yds of the battery, then rush with bayonets and late Senator Douglas will be buried in that the neighborhood is that the troops are prepar- ed steadily over fifty hours. All were soaked,

caused by drunkenness, prevails among the Regiments arrived here within three days. Troops are permitted to leave the new camps too freely .-When they get into town they drink to excess.

St. Louis, June 5. Mayor Taylor, believing there was a settled determination on the part of a majority of the Board of Common Council, to embarrass his action as chief Executive of the city, tendered his resignation yesterday, which was accepted in executive session last evening.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE FREEMAN.

Montpelier, June 6, 4 o'clock P. M.

THE ENEMY'S SPECIE SEIZED.

DESPATCHES CONCEALED IN BOOTS!

FOLEY NOT TO BE HUNG.

EXCHANGING SHOTS WITH THE ENEMY. AMERICAN FLAG WAVING TRIUMPHANT

LY IN WESTERN VIRGINIA.

General good Feeling Prevails!

Washington, June 6. Fifty thousand dollars in specie was seized near Baltimore yesterday, as contraband of war, in the railroad cars.

One person in charge had dispatches for the enemy in his boots. The cars were destined for Harper's Ferry.

John Foley, to be hung here for murder, had his sentence commuted yesterday, by the President, to imprisonment for life.

All is quiet at Arlington Hights and Alexan-

This morning the Harriet Lane exchanged about fifty shots with Rigg Point battery, nearly opposite Newport News, on the James River. She received two shots, wounding firemen-one

Colonel Bartlett, of the Naval Brigade, will return to Old Point this afternoon. He states In the McDonald case this morning, the return to Old Point this afternoon. He states turns to the writ of habeas corpus made by Cols. Boenstein, Brown and McNeil, are substantially dent to accept his Brigade with its full complement of 1200 men and eighty officers.

> CINCINNATI, June 6. A special Grafton dispatch to the Gazette says the American flag is flying all along the whole route to Wheeling. The Ohio troops are guarding the road.

A large number of sccessionists arrested here have taken the oath of allegiance.

The best feeling is prevalent between the troops and the Virginians. Col. Kelley is much better, but not out of

danger.

New York, June 6. A Washington dispatch to the Tribune says

that the dispatches received from our ministers abroad, give gratifying evidence of a better case. feeling towards our Government. Information has been received that the Austri-

can Consul at Halifax, N. S., has led to a pub- an Cabinet has declined to receive Burlingame lie meeting of the Americans, who adopted the on account of his agency in the passage of the bill raising the Sardinian Legation to a full

A man named Williams, a Government Agent, was arrested at Harper's Ferry yester-

The reported capture of a company of the Troy Regiment has proved to be untrue. They had returned to Fort Monroe.

LATEST -- So'clock, P. M.

WASHINGTON, June 6.

Among the telegrams seized by Government dispatches are found to day from James C. Hargentlemen of character, one of whom is just vey, American Minister to Portugal implicating him in a conspiracy to destroy the Union some

These dispatches are addressed to General Beauregard, giving information regarding the sailing of a fleet to rainforce Sumter, and it is stated that he will be recalled instantly and arrested by government.

Louisville, Ky., June 6. The Journal of this morning says a proposition in the Mayfield Convention for the First

nessee was lost, 130 against 30.

The North is fast drifting to anarchy .- Speech of Alex. H. Stepnens.

Yes. About twenty five thousand Northerners have drifted into Virginia already, and the curin comparatively small bodies by railroad .- rent in that direction sets very strong hereabouts. We observe similar currents at the West. Where is Prof. Maury? Won't he Perfect plans of all the leading country roads give us his theory of this extraordinary " set " of the tide? It has rather a bad look for Alcek.

that's a fact.

troops at the Relay House have seized two se- and at as reasonable prices. cessionists, who were on their way from Baltimore to Harper's Ferry with a large amount of bank bills, percussion caps and munitions of

Captains Devereux, Martin and Bartlett's companies of the Eighth Regiment, went at by the subscriber opposite the double quick time to Howard's furnace, and quelled a riot between parties of Baltimoreans yds of the battery, then rush with bayonets and carry the guns. The impression of residents in the neighborhood is that the troops are preparing for retreat, as an eventuality great disorder but stood it well and are in good spirits.

Those in want of warranted Carriages and Sleighs, will perhaps do well to call and see what is being done at the old stand of Gilman & Camp.

All orders promptly attended to.

A DAILY FREEMAN

Will be published at this office until further notice. Two editions will be issued, one to be ready for the mail West, and the stages that leave Montpelier in the afternoon, the other in the morning in season for the morning mails. Each edition will contain the latest telegraphic news to the time of going to press,

The Terms will be,

\$4,00 per year, or \$1,00 for three months, to mail subscribers and those taking the paper from

\$5,00 per year, or \$1,25 for three months, to village subscribers-paper delivered at their houses or places of business.

Advertisements inserted on reasonable terms, C. W. WILLARD. Orders are solicited.

Mails in Montpelier. SOUTHERN and EASTERN mail closes at 8.00 a. m. , at

vies at 5 15 p. m. NORTHERN and WESTERN closes at 3.15 p. m.; arrives

t 9.30 a. m. All matter for these mails must be in the office before the time of closing, to go the same day. Barne mail arrives daily at 8.30 a. m. ; departs every

lay on arrival of Southern. BRADFORD mail arrives daily at 10 00 p. m. ; departs

daily at 4.00 a. m. DANVILLE arrives Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays,

at 81-2 o'clock, a. m.; departs same days at 5 o'clock p. m. Barron arrives Mondays, Wednesdays and Fride year

3.20 p. m. ; departs Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 9.45 a. m. Hyperark, by Worcester and Elmore, arrives Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 5.00 p. m.; departs same as

CHELSEA arrives Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 1.30 p. m.; departs same as Danville.

Calais mail arrives Tuesdays, Thursdays and Satur. days at 1.00 p. m.; leaves alternate days on arrival of Western.

BEALIN from two to six times a week. OFFICE HOURS FROM 7.00 A. M. to 8.00 P. M. Montpeller, May 1, 1861.

JAMES G. FRENCH, P. M.

SMITH'S ANODYNE

COUGH

Have been before the people of Verment for more than ten years, and a sale of more than 60,000 Bottles is the best recommendation of the people. PHYSICIANS!

MINISTERS! AND PEOPLE

use Smith's Anodyne Cough Props, with the utmost satis-THE OLDEST

> MINISTER IN NEW ENGLAND.

THE REV. FATHER HOBART, has used it for many years, and recommends its use in

MOTHERS USE IT FOR



and it proves to them the one thing needful, in every

RICH AND POOR.

HIGH AND LOW, OLD AND YOUNG.

SMITH'S AND DYNE COUGH DROPS Only 25 cents per bottle. FRED. E. SMITH, Druggist, Proprietor, MONTPELIER, VT.

Wool Carding

THE subscriber would inform the public that WOOI CARDING will be done by the old Carder, A.J. Woon

OLD STAND IN BARRE, between Barre Village and South Barre. Wool Left at Braman & Tilden's, Montpelier, will be taken from, and Rolls returned there, free of Charge. All Wool must be labeled. D. TilliEN. Barre, June 3d, 1861. fw3



GOOD ASSORTMENT of Colt's Improved and justly A celebrated Revolvers, also lower priced Revolving Pistols of different manufactures, can be had at T. (: PHINNEY'S, Corner of Main and State Streets.

A. M. BURKE, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW, So. Craftsbury, Vt.

Levi D. Hall's Estate.

Montpelier, Vt.

District to secede from the State and join Ten- THE Subscribers, having been appointed by the Honoramissioners, to receive, examine and adjust all claims and John Bell spoke at Knoxville, urging war to the death against the North, and declaring that five million people cannot be conquered.

missioners, to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons, against the Estate of Levi D. Hall, late of Marshfield, in said District, deceased, represented insolvent, and the term of six months from the 28th day of May, 1861, being allowed by said Counto the creditors of said deceased, to exhibit and prove their respective claims before us; given otice that we will attend to the duties of our annoisement at the dwelling house spective claims before usegive notice that we will alway to the duties of our appointment at the dwelling house of Mis. Fanny, W. Hall in Marshfield in said district, on the last. Thursday of August and Notember next, at one o'clock in the aftenoon on each of said days.

C. W. H. DWINELL, Comm'rs. JOHN LANCE, Comm'rs. Marshfield, May 28, A. D. 1861. J. R. BERRY,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN BUCKSKIN MITTENS AND GLOVES

Relay House, June 5.—The Massachusetts fill any orders for Goods with promptness and despatch,

Kingsbo"o, Fulton Co., N. Y.

Goods warranted to be as represented [2320 CARRIAGES AND SLEIGHS

BY THE BEST WORKMEN IN THE COUNTRY. Carriage and Sleigh Manufacturing will be carried on

JOHN W. GLARKE.